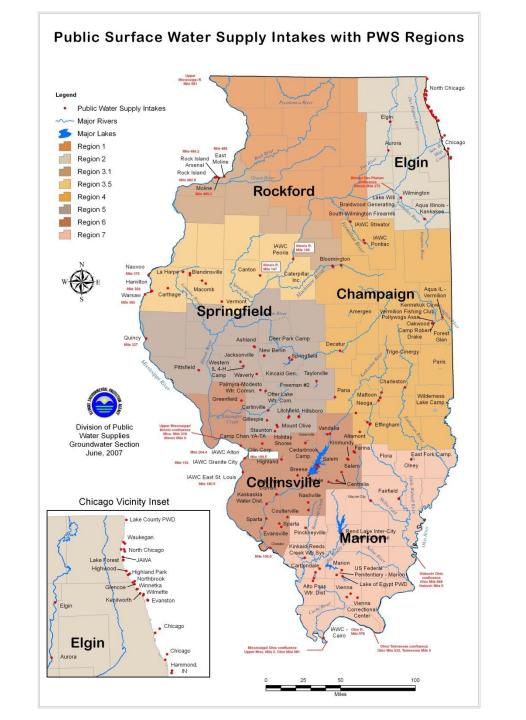
Community Water Supply Conditions

Drought Response Task Force Meeting
August 9, 2012
Richard P. Cobb, P.G., Deputy Manager,
Division of Public Water Supplies



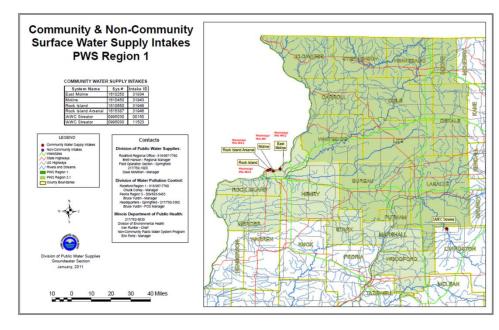
Background

- * More than 11 million people in Illinois rely on public water supplies (PWS) for drinking water. There 1,800 community water supplies (CWS) and 4,100 non-community water supplies (non-CWS) that supply these 11 million people.
 - * "Public water system" or "PWS" means a system for the provision to the public of water for human consumption through pipes or other constructed conveyances, if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year. A PWS is either a community water system (CWS) or a non-community water system (non-CWS).
 - * "Community water supply" means a public water supply which serves or is intended to serve at least 15 service connections used by residents or regularly serves at least 25 residents.
 - * "Non-community water system" or "NCWS" or "non-CWS" means a public water system (PWS) that is not a community water system (CWS). A non-community water system is either a "transient non-community water system (TWS)" or a "non-transient non-community water system (NTNCWS)."



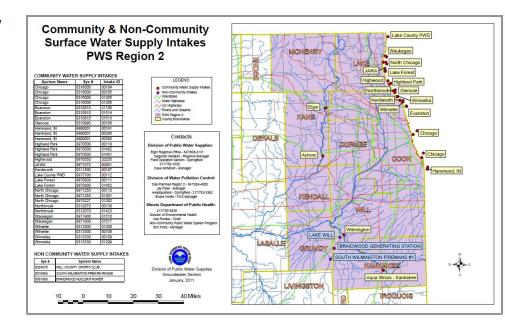
Illinois EPA - Region 1

- * Illinois American Water Company (IAWC) Streator the Vermillion River flow over their dam stopped the morning of August 7, 2012. They are taking water from the pool above the dam, and still have a full 90 day supply in their reservoir.
- * Pontiac's community water system is also withdrawing from the Vermillion River, and is having problems with taste and odor due to the low flow.



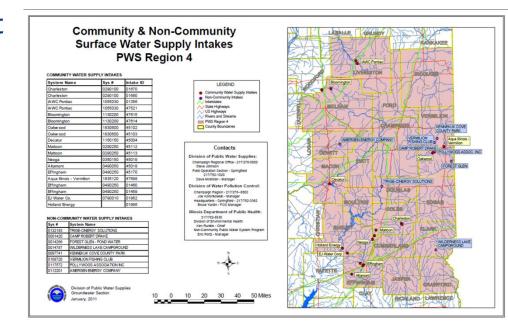
Illinois EPA Region 2

- * Fox and the Kankakee River levels spiked up during the rain on August 4th then leveled off. The flow is more than enough at both rivers.
- * Lake Michigan is not changing that much only down a foot from last year.



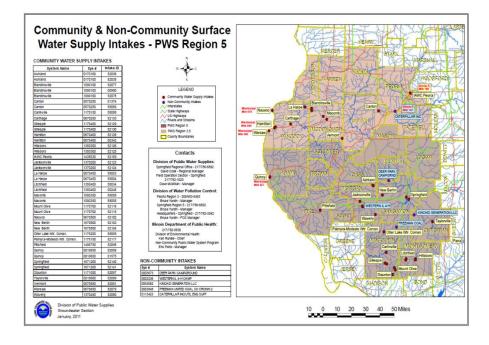
Illinois EPA - Region 4

- * Champaign indicated that Gibson City has started voluntary water restrictions. The regional office is continuing to spot check groundwater systems
- * **Decatur** implemented a phase 2 water restriction



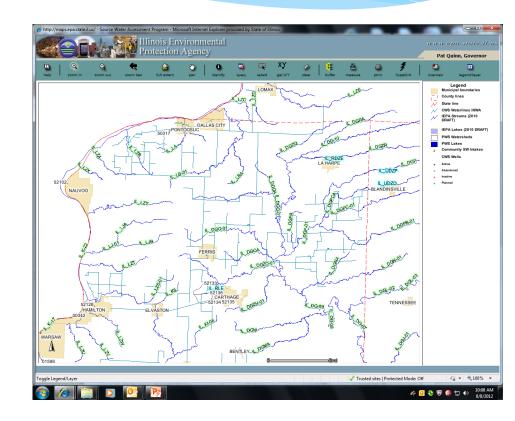
Illinois EPA Region 5 or 3.5

- Springfield adopted mandatory water restrictions
- * Taylorville got some of the heavy rain that passed through this past week and their lake is full and going over the dam. They have a large drainage basin and fills easily
- Nokomis has also issued a mandatory water use restriction.



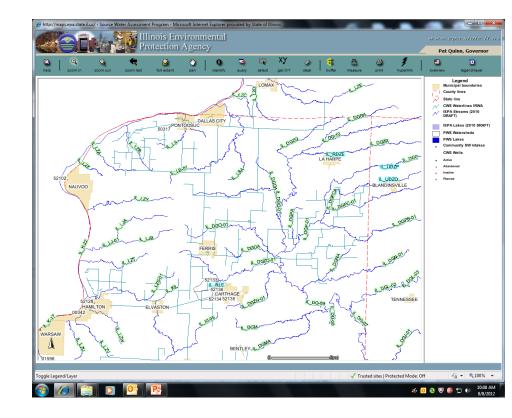
Illinois EPA Region 5 or 3.5 cont

- * Blandinsville (McDonough Co.)
- * Carthage (Hancock Co.)
- * LaHarpe (Hancock Co.)



Illinois EPA Region 5 or 3.5 cont.

- * Carthage
- * LaHarp



Principal Shallow Bedrock Aquifers in Illinois

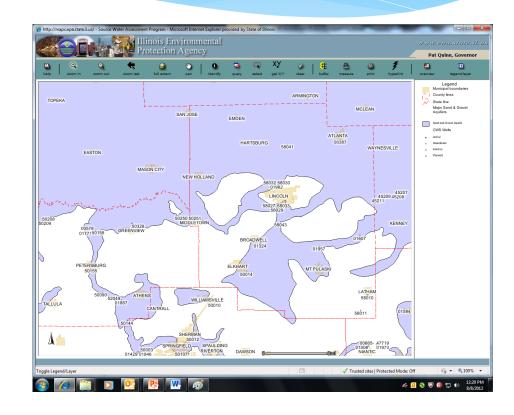
Principal Sand and Gravel Aquiters in Illinois

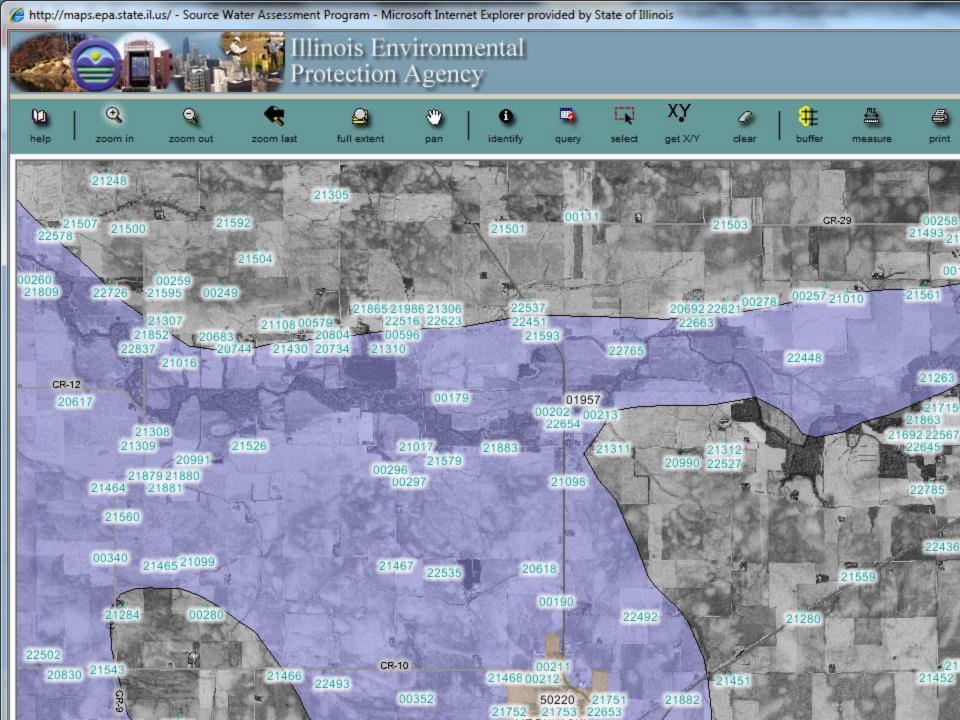


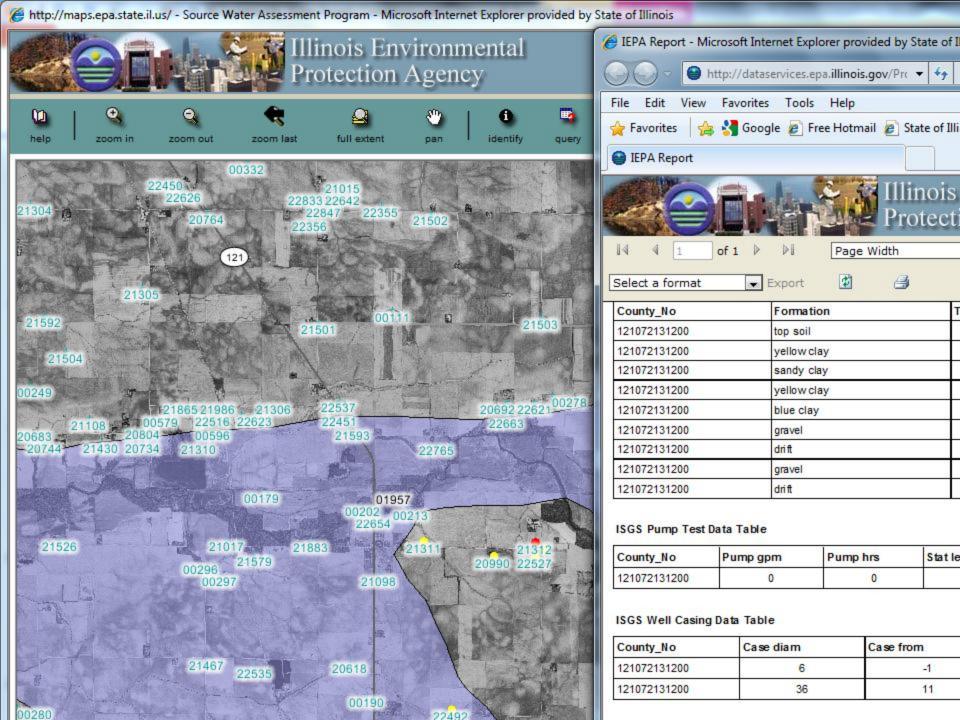


Illinois EPA Region 5 or 3.5 cont

- * Groundwater systems with bulk water prohibitions
 - * Mt. Pulaski
 - * Elkhart
 - * Broadwell

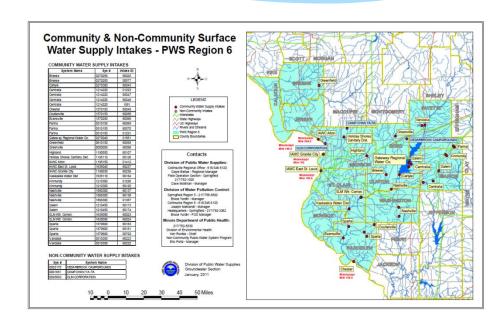






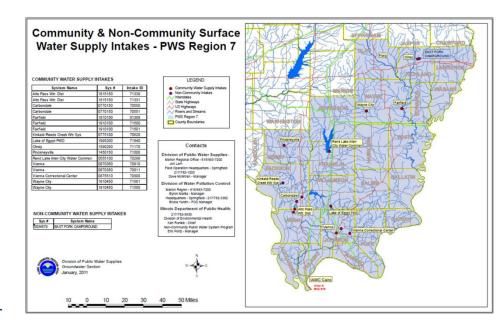
Illinois EPA Region 6

* No significant issues at this time



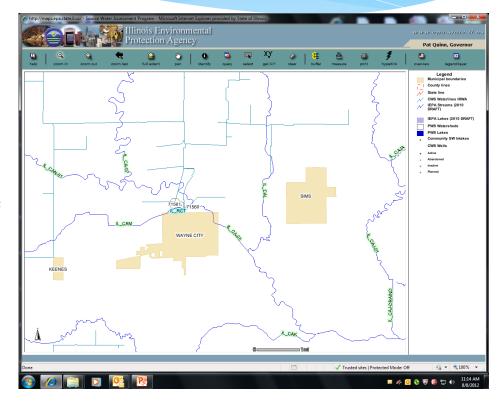
Illinois EPA Region 7

- * Fairfield is maintaining a full side channel reservoir and the river is low but flowing. They have been able to continuously pump from the river when needed to maintain the side channel reservoir. According to our records the net usable capacity of the side channel is 82.71 MG.
 - * With their average daily usage in June (1.064 MGD) they have about 77 days of storage in it if the river runs dry.
 - * At the present time the river is fluctuating in a usable range.
 - * The Mayor is considering options for conservation measures being established in Fairfield in preparation for possible issues down the road.



Illinois EPA Region 7 cont.

- Wayne City is also maintaining their side channel reservoir full. Water is flowing just enough to keep the dammed up area in the Skillet Fork River full and they can continue to pump from it to maintain the side channel full. It should be noted that a dam level in the river there is reportedly 6 ft of water above their intake. At a previous time they deepened the area around the intake and to where there was 6 ft of water below the intake also. However there is reportedly a minimum of 30 day supply of water in their side channel. Their bottom intake is 13 ft off the bottom of the side channel so a few days might be able to be obtained if necessary under emergency conditions.
- * An interconnect is available with the Western Wayne WD that potentially could back feed to the Wayne City clear well so this system should not have any issues.



Illinois EPA Region 7 cont

Fairfield is maintaining a full side channel reservoir and the river is low but flowing. They have been able to continuously pump from the river when needed to maintain the side channel reservoir. According to our records the net usable capacity of the side channel is 82.71 MG. With their average daily usage in June (1.064 MGD) they have about 77 days of storage in it if the river runs dry. At the present time the river is fluctuating in a usable range. In the phone conversation with the operator this week he said the Mayor is considering options for conservation measures being established in Fairfield in preparation for possible issues down the road.

